



Cbl (phospho Tyr700) rabbit pAb

Cat#: orb770726 (Manual)

For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Name Cbl (phospho Tyr700) rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Species Cross-Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Recommended dilutions Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in

other applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from

human CBL around the phosphorylation site of Tyr700. AA range:666-715

Specificity Phospho-Cbl (Y700) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Cbl

protein only when phosphorylated at Y700.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium

azide..

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase CBL

Gene Name CBL

Cellular localization Cytoplasm. Cell membrane. Cell projection, cilium . Golgi apparatus .

Colocalizes with FGFR2 in lipid rafts at the cell membrane.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal





Concentration

1 mg/ml

Observed band

120kD

Human Gene ID

867

Human Swiss-Prot Number

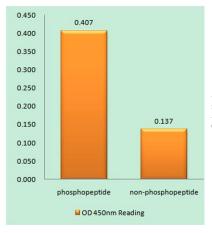
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Alternative Names

CBL; CBL2; RNF55; E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase CBL; Casitas B-lineage lymphoma proto-oncogene; Proto-oncogene c-Cbl; RING finger protein 55; Signal transduction protein CBL

Background

Cbl proto-oncogene (CBL) Homo sapiens This gene is a proto-oncogene that encodes a RING finger E3 ubiquitin ligase. The encoded protein is one of the enzymes required for targeting substrates for degradation by the proteasome. This protein mediates the transfer of ubiquitin from ubiquitin conjugating enzymes (E2) to specific substrates. This protein also contains an N-terminal phosphotyrosine binding domain that allows it to interact with numerous tyrosine-phosphorylated substrates and target them for proteasome degradation. As such it functions as a negative regulator of many signal transduction pathways. This gene has been found to be mutated or translocated in many cancers including acute myeloid leukaemia, and expansion of CGG repeats in the 5' UTR has been associated with Jacobsen syndrome. Mutations in this gene are also the cause of Noonan syndrome-like disorder. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2016],

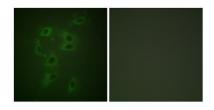


Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using CBL (Phospho-Tyr700) Antibody

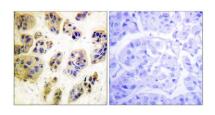




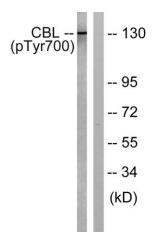
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Immunofluorescence analysis of HepG2 cells, using CBL (Phospho-Tyr700) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma, using CBL (Phospho-Tyr700) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from K562 cells treated with Na3VO4 0.3nM, using CBL (Phospho-Tyr700) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.