



Cbl (phospho Tyr774) rabbit pAb

Cat#: orb770725 (Manual)

For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Name Cbl (phospho Tyr774) rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Species Cross-Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Recommended dilutions Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other

applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from

human CBL around the phosphorylation site of Tyr774. AA range:740-789

Specificity Phospho-Cbl (Y774) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Cbl

protein only when phosphorylated at Y774.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium

azide..

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase CBL

Gene Name CBL

Cellular localization Cytoplasm. Cell membrane. Cell projection, cilium . Golgi apparatus .

Colocalizes with FGFR2 in lipid rafts at the cell membrane.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal





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Concentration 1 mg/ml

Observed band 100kD

Human Gene ID 867

Human Swiss-Prot Number P22681

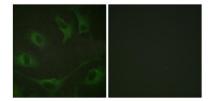
Alternative Names CBL; CBL2; RNF55; E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase CBL; Casitas B-lineage

lymphoma proto-oncogene; Proto-oncogene c-Cbl; RING finger protein 55;

Signal transduction protein CBL

Cbl proto-oncogene(CBL) Homo sapiens **Background** This gene is a proto-oncogene

that encodes a RING finger E3 ubiquitin ligase. The encoded protein is one of the enzymes required for targeting substrates for degradation by the proteasome. This protein mediates the transfer of ubiquitin from ubiquitin conjugating enzymes (E2) to specific substrates. This protein also contains an N-terminal phosphotyrosine binding domain that allows it to interact with numerous tyrosine-phosphorylated substrates and target them for proteasome degradation. As such it functions as a negative regulator of many signal transduction pathways. This gene has been found to be mutated or translocated in many cancers including acute myeloid leukaemia, and expansion of CGG repeats in the 5' UTR has been associated with Jacobsen syndrome. Mutations in this gene are also the cause of Noonan syndrome-like disorder. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2016],

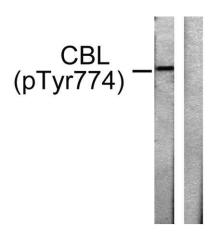


Immunofluorescence analysis of A549 cells, using CBL (Phospho-Tyr774) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.





Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma, using CBL (Phospho-Tyr774) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HeLa cells treated with EGF 200ng/ml 30', using CBL (Phospho-Tyr774) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.