



PKC θ (phospho Thr538) rabbit pAb

Cat#: orb769669 (Manual)

For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Name PKC θ (phospho Thr538) rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Species Cross-Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Recommended dilutions Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA:

1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from

human PKC thet around the phosphorylation site of Thr538. AA range:504-

553

Specificity Phospho-PKC θ (T538) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of

PKC θ protein only when phosphorylated at T538.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium

azide..

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name Protein kinase C theta type

Gene Name PRKCQ

Cellular localization Cytoplasm. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. In resting T-cells,

mostly localized in cytoplasm. In response to TCR stimulation, associates

with lipid rafts and then localizes in the immunological synapse.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.





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Clonality Polyclonal

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Observed band 81kD

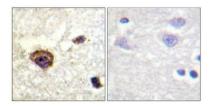
Human Gene ID 5588

Human Swiss-Prot Number Q04759

Alternative Names PRKCQ; PRKCT; Protein kinase C theta type; nPKC-theta

Background

Protein kinase C (PKC) is a family of serine- and threonine-specific protein kinases that can be activated by calcium and the second messenger diacylglycerol. PKC family members phosphorylate a wide variety of protein targets and are known to be involved in diverse cellular signaling pathways. PKC family members also serve as major receptors for phorbol esters, a class of tumor promoters. Each member of the PKC family has a specific expression profile and is believed to play a distinct role. The protein encoded by this gene is one of the PKC family members. It is a calcium-independent and phospholipid-dependent protein kinase. This kinase is important for T-cell activation. It is required for the activation of the transcription factors NF-kappaB and AP-1, and may link the T cell receptor (TCR) signaling complex to the activation of the transcription factors. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

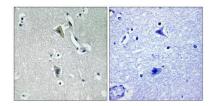


Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human brain. Antibody was diluted at 1:100(4° overnight). High-pressure and temperature Tris-EDTA,pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. Negetive contrl (right) obtaned from antibody was pre-absorbed by i

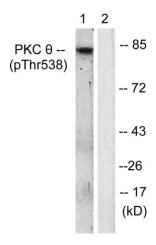




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Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain, using PKC thet (Phospho-Thr538) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from Jurkat cells, using PKC thet (Phospho-Thr538) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.