



Na+/K+-ATPase α2 rabbit pAb

Cat#: orb769237 (Manual)

For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Name Na+/K+-ATPase α2 rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;ELISA;IHC

Species Cross-Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat; Monkey

Recommended dilutions WB 1:500-2000;IHC-p 1:50-300; ELISA 2000-20000

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from

human ATP1A2. AA range:971-1020

Specificity Na+/K+-ATPase α2 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of

Na+/K+-ATPase α 2 protein.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium

azide..

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name Sodium/potassium-transporting ATPase subunit alpha-2

Gene Name ATP1A2

Cellular localization Membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein . Cell membrane ; Multi-pass

membrane protein.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal





Concentration 1 mg/ml

Observed band 112kD

Human Gene ID 477

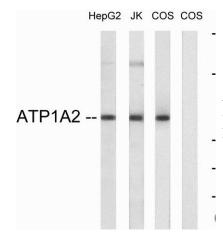
Human Swiss-Prot Number P50993

Alternative Names ATP1A2; KIAA0778; Sodium/potassium-transporting ATPase subunit

alpha-2; Na(+)/K(+) ATPase alpha-2 subunit; Sodium pump subunit alpha-2

Background T

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the family of P-type cation transport ATPases, and to the subfamily of Na+/K+-ATPases. Na+/K+-ATPase is an integral membrane protein responsible for establishing and maintaining the electrochemical gradients of Na and K ions across the plasma membrane. These gradients are essential for osmoregulation, for sodium-coupled transport of a variety of organic and inorganic molecules, and for electrical excitability of nerve and muscle. This enzyme is composed of two subunits, a large catalytic subunit (alpha) and a smaller glycoprotein subunit (beta). The catalytic subunit of Na+/K+-ATPase is encoded by multiple genes. This gene encodes an alpha 2 subunit. Mutations in this gene result in familial basilar or hemiplegic migraines, and in a rare syndrome known as alternating hemiplegia of childhood. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2008],



Western blot analysis of lysates from COS7 cells, HepG2 cells, and Jurkat cells, using ATP1A2 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.





Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human meningioma. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).