



## Smad2 (phospho Thr220) rabbit pAb

Cat#: orb769031 (Manual)

For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Name Smad2 (phospho Thr220) rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Species Cross-Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

**Recommended dilutions** WB 1:500-2000, Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ÉLISA: 1/10000,WB 1:500-2000

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from

human Smad2 around the phosphorylation site of Thr220. AA range:186-235

Specificity Phospho-Smad2 (T220) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of

Smad2 protein only when phosphorylated at T220.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium

azide..

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name Mothers against decapentaplegic homolog 2

Gene Name SMAD2

Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Cytoplasmic and nuclear in the absence of TGF-beta.

On TGF-beta stimulation, migrates to the nucleus when complexed with SMAD4 (PubMed:9865696, PubMed:21145499). On dephosphorylation by

phosphatase PPM1A, released from the SMAD2/SMAD

**Purification** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.





**Clonality** Polyclonal

Concentration 1 mg/ml

**Observed band** 

Background

**Human Gene ID** 4087

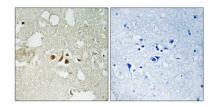
**Human Swiss-Prot Number** Q15796

SMAD2; MADH2; MADR2; Mothers against decapentaplegic homolog 2; MAD homolog 2; Mothers against DPP homolog 2; JV18-1; Mad-related protein 2; hMAD-2; SMAD family member 2; SMAD 2; Smad2; hSMAD2 Alternative Names

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the SMAD, a family of proteins similar to the gene products of the Drosophila gene 'mothers against decapentaplegic' (Mad) and the C. elegans gene Sma. SMAD proteins are signal transducers and transcriptional modulators that mediate multiple signaling pathways. This protein mediates the signal of the transforming growth factor (TGF)-beta, and thus regulates multiple cellular processes, such as cell proliferation, aportogic and differentiation. This protein is such as cell proliferation, apoptosis, and differentiation. This protein is recruited to the TGF-beta receptors through its interaction with the SMAD anchor for receptor activation (SARA) protein. In response to TGF-beta signal, this protein is phosphorylated by the TGF-beta receptors. The

phosphorylation induces the dissociation of this protein with SARA and the association with the family member SMAD4. The association with SMAD4

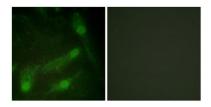
is important for the translocation



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human brain. Antibody was diluted at 1:100(4° overnight). High-pressure and temperature Tris-EDTA,pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. Negetive contrl (right) obtaned from antibody was pre-absorbed by i







Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells, using Smad2 (Phospho-Thr220) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.