



## **GRF-1** rabbit pAb

Cat#: orb768545 (Manual)

For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Name GRF-1 rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications IHC;IF;ELISA

Species Cross-Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

**Recommended dilutions** Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in

other applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from

human GRF-1. AA range:1071-1120

Specificity GRF-1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of GRF-1 protein.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium

azide..

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name Rho GTPase-activating protein 35

Gene Name ARHGAP35

Cellular localization

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, cilium basal body . Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Cell membrane . In response to integrins and SDC4 and upon phosphorylation by

PKC, relocalizes from the cytoplasm to regions of plasma membrane ruffling

where it colocalizes with polymerized actin. .

**Purification** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.





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**Clonality** Polyclonal

Concentration 1 mg/ml

**Observed band** 

2909 **Human Gene ID** 

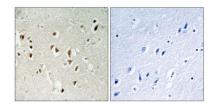
**Human Swiss-Prot Number** Q9NRY4

ARHGAP35; GRF1; GRLF1; KIAA1722; Rho GTPase-activating protein 35; Glucocorticoid receptor DNA-binding factor 1; Glucocorticoid receptor repression factor 1; GRF-1; Rho GAP p190A; p190-A **Alternative Names** 

Background The human glucocorticoid receptor DNA binding factor, which associates

with the promoter region of the glucocorticoid receptor gene (hGR gene), is a repressor of glucocorticoid receptor transcription. The amino acid sequence deduced from the cDNA sequences show the presence of three sequence motifs characteristic of a zinc finger and one motif suggestive of a leucine zipper in which 1 cysteine is found instead of all leucines. The GRLF1 enhances the homologous down-regulation of wild-type hGR gene expression. Biochemical analysis suggests that GRLF1 interaction is sequence specific and that transcriptional efficacy of GRLF1 is regulated through its interaction with specific sequence motif. The level of expression

is regulated by glucocorticoids. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain tissue, using GRF-1 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.