



NMDA& rabbit pAb

Cat#: orb768537 (Manual)

For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Name NMDA&4 rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;ELISA

Species Cross-Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat; Monkey

Recommended dilutions Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/40000. Not yet tested in other

applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from

human GRIN2D. AA range:671-720

Specificity NMDA&4 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of NMDA&4

protein.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium

azide..

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name Glutamate [NMDA] receptor subunit epsilon-4

Gene Name GRIN2D

Cellular localization Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell junction, synapse,

postsynaptic cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal





Concentration

1 mg/ml

Observed band

170kD

Human Gene ID

2906

Human Swiss-Prot Number

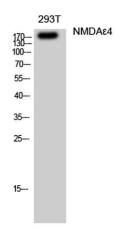
O15399

Alternative Names

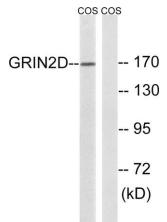
GRIN2D; GluN2D; NMDAR2D; Glutamate [NMDA] receptor subunit epsilon-4; EB11; N-methyl D-aspartate receptor subtype 2D; NMDAR2D;

Background

N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) receptors are a class of ionotropic glutamate receptors. NMDA channel has been shown to be involved in long-term potentiation, an activity-dependent increase in the efficiency of synaptic transmission thought to underlie certain kinds of memory and learning. NMDA receptor channels are heteromers composed of the key receptor subunit NMDAR1 (GRIN1) and 1 or more of the 4 NMDAR2 subunits: NMDAR2A (GRIN2A), NMDAR2B (GRIN2B), NMDAR2C (GRIN2C), and NMDAR2D (GRIN2D). [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2010],



Western Blot analysis of 293T cells using NMDAE4 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500



Western blot analysis of lysates from COS7 cells, using GRIN2D Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



