



c-Fgr rabbit pAb

Cat#: orb768127 (Manual)

For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Name c-Fgr rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Species Cross-Reactivity Human; Rat; Mouse;

Recommended dilutions Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA:

1/40000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from

human c-ternal FGR. AA range:381-430

c-Fgr Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of c-Fgr protein. **Specificity**

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium

azide..

Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. **Storage**

Protein Name Tyrosine-protein kinase Fgr

Gene Name **FGR**

Cellular localization

Cell membrane ; Lipid-anchor ; Cytoplasmic side . Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Cell projection, ruffle membrane. Cytoplasm, cytosol. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Mitochondrion inner membrane. Mitochondrion intermembrane space. Detected in mitochondrial intermembrane space and at inner membranes (By similarity). Colocalizes with actin fibers at membrane ruffles. Detected at plasma

membrane lipid rafts. .





Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Observed band 50kD

Human Gene ID 2268

Human Swiss-Prot Number P09769

Alternative Names FGR; SRC2; Tyrosine-protein kinase Fgr; Gardner-Rasheed feline sarcoma

viral; v-fgr) oncogene homolog; Proto-oncogene c-Fgr; p55-Fgr; p58-Fgr;

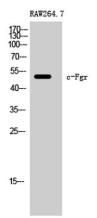
p58c-Fgr

Background This gene is a member of the Src family of protein tyrosine kinases (PTKs).

The encoded protein contains N-terminal sites for myristylation and

palmitylation, a PTK domain, and SH2 and SH3 domains which are involved in mediating protein-protein interactions with phosphotyrosine-containing and proline-rich motifs, respectively. The protein localizes to plasma membrane ruffles, and functions as a negative regulator of cell migration and adhesion triggered by the beta-2 integrin signal transduction pathway. Infection with Epstein-Barr virus results in the overexpression of this gene.

Multiple alternatively spliced variants, encoding the same protein, have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

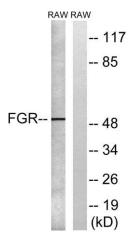


Western Blot analysis of RAW264.7 cells using c-Fgr Polyclonal Antibody





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Western blot analysis of lysates from RAW264.7 cells, using FGR Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human tonsil. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).