



Crystallin-aB (phospho Ser45) rabbit pAb

Cat#: orb767706 (Manual)

For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Name Crystallin-αB (phospho Ser45) rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Species Cross-Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat; Monkey

Recommended dilutions Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA:

1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from

human CRYAB around the phosphorylation site of Ser45. AA range:21-70

Specificity Phospho-Crystallin-αB (S45) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels

of Crystallin-αB protein only when phosphorylated at S45.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium

azide..

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name Alpha-crystallin B chain

Gene Name CRYAB

Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Secreted . Lysosome . Translocates to the nucleus

during heat shock and resides in sub-nuclear structures known as SC35 speckles or nuclear splicing speckles (PubMed:19464326). Localizes at the Z-bands and the intercalated disk in cardiomyocytes (PubMed:28493373). Can be secreted; the secretion is dependent on protein unfolding and facilitated by the cargo receptor TMED10; it results in protein translocation from the cytoplasm into the EPCIC (and plasmic reticulum Colgi-

from the cytoplasm into the ERGIC (endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment) followed by vesicle entry and secretion

(PubMed:32272059). .





Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

epitope-specific immunogen. chromatography using

Polyclonal **Clonality**

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Observed band 24kD

1410 **Human Gene ID**

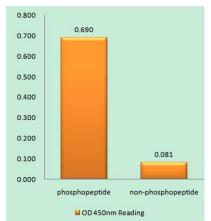
Human Swiss-Prot Number P02511

Alternative Names CRYAB; CRYA2; Alpha-crystallin B chain; Alpha(B)-crystallin; Heat shock

protein beta-5; HspB5; Renal carcinoma antigen NY-REN-27; Rosenthal fiber component

Mammalian lens crystallins are divided into alpha, beta, and gamma families. **Background**

Alpha crystallins are composed of two gene products: alpha-A and alpha-B, for acidic and basic, respectively. Alpha crystallins can be induced by heat shock and are members of the small heat shock protein (HSP20) family. They act as molecular chaperones although they do not renature proteins and release them in the fashion of a true chaperone; instead they hold them in large soluble aggregates. Post-translational modifications decrease the ability to chaperone. These heterogeneous aggregates consist of 30-40 subunits; the alpha-A and alpha-B subunits have a 3:1 ratio, respectively. Two additional functions of alpha crystallins are an autokinase activity and participation in the intracellular architecture. The encoded protein has been identified as a moonlighting protein based on its ability to perform mechanistically distin

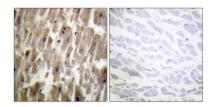


Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using CRYAB (Phospho-Ser45) Antibody

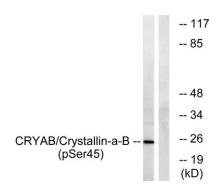




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Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human heart, using CRYAB (Phospho-Ser45) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from COS7 cells treated with anisomycin 25 μ ml 30', using CRYAB (Phospho-Ser45) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.