

SSX rabbit pAb**Cat#: orb766790 (Manual)**

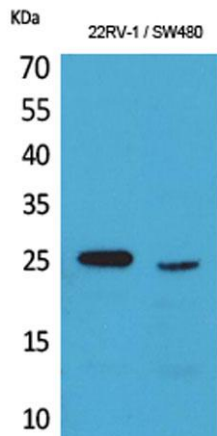
For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Name	SSX rabbit pAb
Host species	Rabbit
Applications	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Species Cross-Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse;
Recommended dilutions	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC-p: 1:100-300 ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from the C-terminal region of human SSX1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9. AA range:139-188
Specificity	SSX Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of SSX protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide..
Storage	Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Protein Name	Protein SSX1/Protein SSX2/Protein SSX3/Protein SSX4/Protein SSX5/Protein SSX6/Protein SSX7/Protein SSX8/Protein SSX9
Gene Name	SSX1/SSX2/SSX3/SSX4/SSX5/SSX6/SSX7/SSX8/SSX9
Cellular localization	nucleus,
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Clonality	Polyclonal

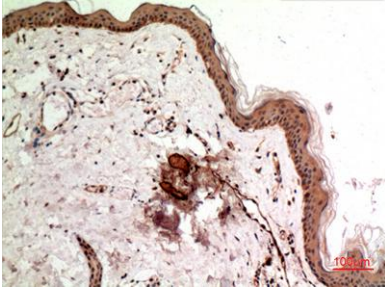
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Observed band	25kD
Human Gene ID	6756
Human Swiss-Prot Number	Q16384
Alternative Names	SSX1; Protein SSX1; Cancer/testis antigen 5.1; CT5.1; Synovial sarcoma, X breakpoint 1; SSX2; SSX2A; SSX2B; Protein SSX2; Cancer/testis antigen 5.2; CT5.2; Synovial sarcoma, X breakpoint 2; Tumor antigen HOM-MEL-40; SSX3; Protein SSX3; Cancer/testis antigen

Background

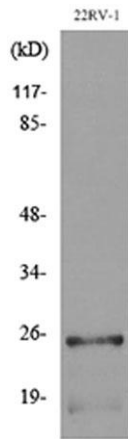
The product of this gene belongs to the family of highly homologous synovial sarcoma X (SSX) breakpoint proteins. These proteins may function as transcriptional repressors. They are also capable of eliciting spontaneous humoral and cellular immune responses in cancer patients, and are potentially useful targets in cancer vaccine-based immunotherapy. This gene, and also the SSX2 and SSX4 family members, have been involved in t(X;18)(p11.2;q11.2) translocations that are characteristically found in all synovial sarcomas. This translocation results in the fusion of the synovial sarcoma translocation gene on chromosome 18 to one of the SSX genes on chromosome X. The encoded hybrid proteins are likely responsible for transforming activity. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants. A related pseudogene has been identified on chromosome X. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2013],



Western Blot analysis of 22RV-1, SW480 cells using SSX Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-skin, antibody was diluted at 1:100



Western blot analysis of lysate from 22RV-1 cells, using SSX1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9 Antibody.