

SP-B rabbit pAb**Cat#: orb766358 (Manual)**

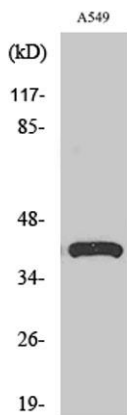
For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Name	SP-B rabbit pAb
Host species	Rabbit
Applications	WB;ELISA;IHC
Species Cross-Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse;
Recommended dilutions	WB 1:500-2000;IHC-p 1:50-300; ELISA 2000-20000
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human SP-B. AA range:243-292
Specificity	SP-B Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of SP-B protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide..
Storage	Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Protein Name	Pulmonary surfactant-associated protein B
Gene Name	SFTPB
Cellular localization	Secreted, extracellular space, surface film.
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Clonality	Polyclonal

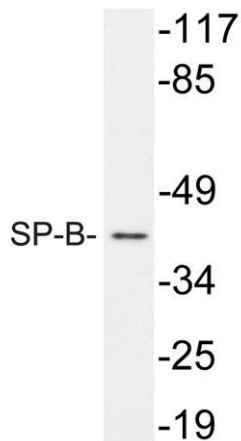
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Observed band	42kD
Human Gene ID	6439
Human Swiss-Prot Number	P07988
Alternative Names	SFTP3; SFTP3; Pulmonary surfactant-associated protein B; SP-B; 18 kDa pulmonary-surfactant protein; 6 kDa protein; Pulmonary surfactant-associated proteolipid SPL(Phe)

Background

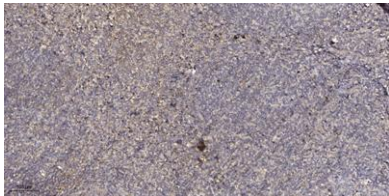
This gene encodes the pulmonary-associated surfactant protein B (SPB), an amphipathic surfactant protein essential for lung function and homeostasis after birth. Pulmonary surfactant is a surface-active lipoprotein complex composed of 90% lipids and 10% proteins which include plasma proteins and apolipoproteins SPA, SPB, SPC and SPD. The surfactant is secreted by the alveolar cells of the lung and maintains the stability of pulmonary tissue by reducing the surface tension of fluids that coat the lung. The SPB enhances the rate of spreading and increases the stability of surfactant monolayers in vitro. Multiple mutations in this gene have been identified, which cause pulmonary surfactant metabolism dysfunction type 1, also called pulmonary alveolar proteinosis due to surfactant protein B deficiency, and are associated with fatal respiratory distress in the neonatal period. Alternatively spliced trans



Western Blot analysis of various cells using SP-B Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000



Western blot analysis of lysate from A549 cells, using SP-B antibody.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human tonsil. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).