



ERa rabbit pAb

Cat#: orb765176 (Manual)

For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Name ERα rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

Species Cross-Reactivity Human; Rat; Mouse;

Recommended dilutions Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA:

1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from

human Estrogen Receptor-alpha. AA range:136-185

ERα Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of ERα protein. **Specificity**

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium

azide..

Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. **Storage**

Protein Name Estrogen receptor

Gene Name ESR1

Cellular localization [Isoform 1]: Nucleus . Cytoplasm . Cell membrane ; Peripheral membrane

protein; Cytoplasmic side. A minor fraction is associated with the inner membrane.; [Isoform 3]: Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Associated with the inner membrane via palmitoylation (Probable). At least a subset exists as a transmembrane protein with a Nterminal extracellular domain. .; Nucleus. Golgi apparatus. Cell membrane. Colocalizes with ZDHHC7 and ZDHHC21 in the Golgi apparatus where most probably palmitoylation occurs. Associated with the plasma membrane when palmitoylated.





Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

epitope-specific immunogen. chromatography using

Polyclonal **Clonality**

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Observed band 66kD

2099 **Human Gene ID**

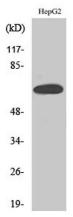
Human Swiss-Prot Number P03372

ESR1; ESR; NR3A1; Estrogen receptor; ER; ER-alpha; Estradiol receptor; **Alternative Names**

Nuclear receptor subfamily 3 group A member 1

Background This gene encodes an estrogen receptor, a ligand-activated transcription

factor composed of several domains important for hormone binding, DNA binding, and activation of transcription. The protein localizes to the nucleus where it may form a homodimer or a heterodimer with estrogen receptor 2. Estrogen and its receptors are essential for sexual development and reproductive function, but also play a role in other tissues such as bone. Estrogen receptors are also involved in pathological processes including breast cancer, endometrial cancer, and osteoporosis. Alternative promoter usage and alternative splicing result in dozens of transcript variants, but the full-length nature of many of these variants has not been determined. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2014],

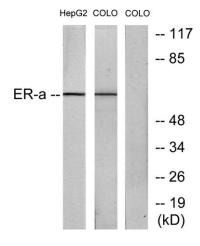


Western Blot analysis of various cells using ERa Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500





Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue, using Estrogen Receptor-alpha Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HepG2 and COLO cells, treated with EGF, using Estrogen Receptor-alpha Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.