

EID-1 rabbit pAb**Cat#: orb765117 (Manual)**

For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Name	EID-1 rabbit pAb
Host species	Rabbit
Applications	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Species Cross-Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse;
Recommended dilutions	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human EID1. AA range:71-120
Specificity	EID-1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of EID-1 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide..
Storage	Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Protein Name	EP300-interacting inhibitor of differentiation 1
Gene Name	EID1
Cellular localization	Nucleus . Cytoplasm . May shuttle between nucleus and cytoplasm. .
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Clonality	Polyclonal

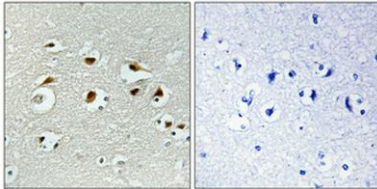
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Observed band	21kD
Human Gene ID	23741
Human Swiss-Prot Number	Q9Y6B2
Alternative Names	EID1; C15orf3; CRI1; RBP21; PNAS-22; PTD014; EP300-interacting inhibitor of differentiation 1; 21 kDa pRb-associated protein; CREBBP/EP300 inhibitory protein 1; E1A-like inhibitor of differentiation 1; EID-1

Background

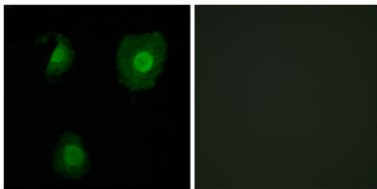
developmental stage: Expression decreased with development in ventricular tissue while remaining highly expressed in adult atrial tissue. In primary cultures of human skeletal myocytes, expression decreased during myogenic differentiation (at protein level).,function: Interacts with RB1 and EP300 and acts as a repressor of MYOD1 transactivation. Inhibits EP300 and CBP histone acetyltransferase activity. May be involved in coupling cell cycle exit to the transcriptional activation of genes required for cellular differentiation. May act as a candidate coinhibitory factor for NR0B2 that can be directly linked to transcription inhibitory mechanisms.,induction: Down-regulated in differentiating U937 leukemia cells.,miscellaneous: Inhibition of MYOD1 may be partly due to the ability of EID1 to bind and inhibit EP300 histone acetyltransferase activity.,PTM: Ubiquitinated in U-2OS osteosarcoma cells and is rapidly degraded by proteasome as cells exit the cell cycle exit.,subcellular location: May shuttle between nucleus and cytoplasm.,subunit: Interacts via its LXCXE motif with the entire pocket region of RB1. Interacts with EP300, NR0B2 and TRIM27.,tissue specificity: Widely expressed. Most abundantly expressed in heart, skeletal muscle, pancreas, brain and testis. Expressed at much lower levels in placenta and peripheral blood leukocyte. Barely detectable in lung. Also weakly expressed in lung carcinoma A549 and various leukemia cell lines.,



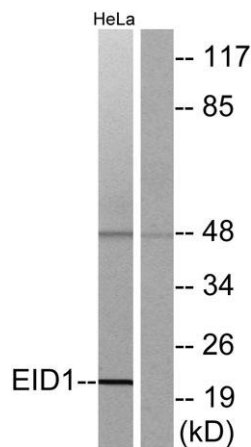
Western Blot analysis of various cells using EID-1 Polyclonal Antibody



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human brain. Antibody was diluted at 1:100(4° overnight). High-pressure and temperature Tris-EDTA,pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. Negative contrl (right) obtained from antibody was pre-absorbed by immunogen peptide.



Immunofluorescence analysis of A549 cells, using EID1 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HeLa cells, using EID1 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.