



## Amyloid-β (phospho Thr743) rabbit pAb

**Cat#: orb764380 (Manual)** 

For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

**Product Name** Amyloid-β (phospho Thr743) rabbit pAb

**Host species** Rabbit

**Applications** WB;IHC;IF;ELISA

**Species Cross-Reactivity** Human; Mouse; Rat

Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. Recommended dilutions

Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in

other applications.

**Immunogen** The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from

human Amyloid beta A4 around the phosphorylation site of Thr743/668. AA

range:711-760

Phospho-Amyloid-β (T743) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels **Specificity** 

of Amyloid-β protein only when phosphorylated at T743.

**Formulation** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium

azide..

Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. **Storage** 

Amyloid beta A4 protein, Amyloid-β, Aβ **Protein Name** 

APP Gene Name

Cellular localization

Cell membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein . Membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein . Perikaryon . Cell projection, growth cone . Membrane, clathrin-coated pit . Early endosome . Cytoplasmic vesicle . Cell surface protein that rapidly becomes internalized via clathrin-coated pits. Only a minor proportion is present at the cell membrane; most of the protein is present in intracellular vesicles (PubMed:20580937). During maturation, the immature APP (N-glycosylated in the endoplasmic reticulum) moves to the Golgi complex where complete maturation occurs (O-glycosylated and sulfated). After alpha-secretase cleavage, soluble APP is released into the extracellular space and the C-terminal is internalized to endosomes and



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lysosomes. Some APP accumulates in secretory transport ves

**Purification** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

**Clonality** Polyclonal

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Observed band 140kD

Human Gene ID 351

Human Swiss-Prot Number P05067

Alternative Names APP; A4; AD1; Amyloid beta A4 protein; ABPP; APPI; APP; Alzheimer

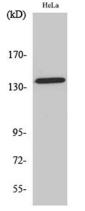
disease amyloid protein; Cerebral vascular amyloid peptide; CVAP; PreA4;

Protease nexin-II; PN-II

Background This gene encodes a cell surface receptor and transmembrane precursor

protein that is cleaved by secretases to form a number of peptides. Some of these peptides are secreted and can bind to the acetyltransferase complex APBB1/TIP60 to promote transcriptional activation, while others form the protein basis of the amyloid plaques found in the brains of patients with Alzheimer disease. In addition, two of the peptides are antimicrobial peptides, having been shown to have bacteriocidal and antifungal activities. Mutations in this gene have been implicated in autosomal dominant Alzheimer disease and cerebroarterial amyloidosis (cerebral amyloid angiopathy). Multiple transcript variants encoding several different isoforms

have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2014],

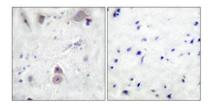


Western Blot analysis of various cells using Phospho-Amyloid-β (T743) Polyclonal Antibody

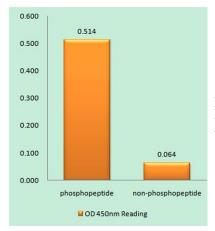




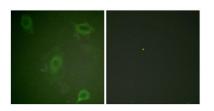
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Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer. Antibody was diluted at 1:100(4° overnight). High-pressure and temperature Tris-EDTA,pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. Negetive contrl (right) obtaned from antibody was pre-absorbed by immunogen peptide.



Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using Amyloid beta A4 (Phospho-Thr743/668) Antibody



Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells, using Amyloid beta A4 (Phospho-Thr743/668) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.