



p38 (phospho Tyr323) rabbit pAb

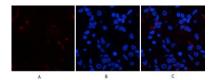
Cat#: orb764366 (Manual)

For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Name	p38 (phospho Tyr323) rabbit pAb
Host species	Rabbit
Applications	IF;WB;IHC;ELISA
Species Cross-Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Recommended dilutions	IF: 1:50-200 Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human p38 MAPK around the phosphorylation site of Tyr322. AA range:288-337
Specificity	Phospho-p38 (Y323) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of p38 protein only when phosphorylated at Y323.
Formulation	
rormulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide
Storage	
	azide
Storage	azide Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage Protein Name	azide Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Mitogen-activated protein kinase 14
Storage Protein Name Gene Name	azide Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Mitogen-activated protein kinase 14 MAPK14



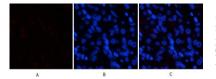
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Observed band	38kD
Human Gene ID	1432
Human Swiss-Prot Number	Q16539
Alternative Names	MAPK14; CSBP; CSBP1; CSBP2; CSPB1; MXI2; SAPK2A; Mitogen- activated protein kinase 14; MAP kinase 14; MAPK 14; Cytokine suppressive anti-inflammatory drug-binding protein; CSAID-binding protein; CSBP; MAP kinase MXI2; MAX-interacting protein
Background	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the MAP kinase family. MAP kinases act as an integration point for multiple biochemical signals, and are involved in a wide variety of cellular processes such as proliferation, differentiation, transcription regulation and development. This kinase is activated by various environmental stresses and proinflammatory cytokines. The activation requires its phosphorylation by MAP kinase kinases (MKKs), or its autophosphorylation triggered by the interaction of MAP3K7IP1/TAB1 protein with this kinase. The substrates of this kinase include transcription regulator ATF2, MEF2C, and MAX, cell cycle regulator CDC25B, and tumor suppressor p53, which suggest the roles of this kinase in stress related transcription and cell cycle regulation, as well as in genotoxic stress response. Four alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene encoding d



Immunofluorescence analysis of human-stomach tissue. 1,p38 (phospho Tyr323) Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B

www.biorbyt.com





Immunofluorescence analysis of human-stomach tissue. 1,p38 (phospho Tyr323) Polyclonal Antibody(red) was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Cy3 labled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300(room temperature, 50min).3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Picture A:Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-uterus tissue. 1,p38 (phospho Tyr323) Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-lung tissue. 1,p38 (phospho Tyr323) Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4°C,overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval(>98°C,20min). 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room tempeRature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.