

**VASP (phospho Ser157) rabbit pAb****Cat#: orb764289 (Manual)**

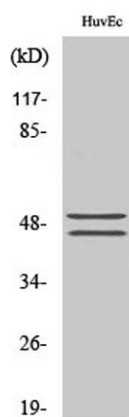
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<b>Product Name</b>	VASP (phospho Ser157) rabbit pAb
<b>Host species</b>	Rabbit
<b>Applications</b>	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
<b>Species Cross-Reactivity</b>	Human;Mouse;Rat;Monkey
<b>Recommended dilutions</b>	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.
<b>Immunogen</b>	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human VASP around the phosphorylation site of Ser157. AA range:124-173
<b>Specificity</b>	Phospho-VASP (S157) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of VASP protein only when phosphorylated at S157.
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide..
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Protein Name</b>	Vasodilator-stimulated phosphoprotein
<b>Gene Name</b>	VASP
<b>Cellular localization</b>	Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cell junction, focal adhesion. Cell junction, tight junction . Cell projection, lamellipodium membrane. Cell projection, filopodium membrane. Targeted to stress fibers and focal adhesions through interaction with a number of proteins including MRL family members. Localizes to the plasma membrane in protruding lamellipodia and filopodial tips. Stimulation by thrombin or PMA, also translocates VASP to focal adhesions. Localized along the sides of actin filaments throughout the peripheral cytoplasm under basal conditions. In pre-apoptotic cells, colocalizes with MEFV in large specks (pyroptosomes).

<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Observed band</b>	46+50kD
<b>Human Gene ID</b>	7408
<b>Human Swiss-Prot Number</b>	P50552
<b>Alternative Names</b>	VASP; Vasodilator-stimulated phosphoprotein; VASP

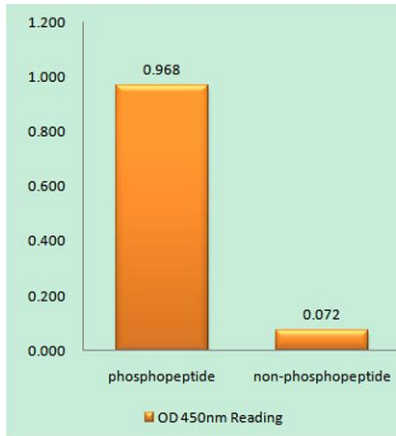
**Background**

Vasodilator-stimulated phosphoprotein (VASP) is a member of the Ena-VASP protein family. Ena-VASP family members contain an EHV1 N-terminal domain that binds proteins containing E/DFPPPPXD/E motifs and targets Ena-VASP proteins to focal adhesions. In the mid-region of the protein, family members have a proline-rich domain that binds SH3 and WW domain-containing proteins. Their C-terminal EVH2 domain mediates tetramerization and binds both G and F actin. VASP is associated with filamentous actin formation and likely plays a widespread role in cell adhesion and motility. VASP may also be involved in the intracellular signaling pathways that regulate integrin-extracellular matrix interactions. VASP is regulated by the cyclic nucleotide-dependent kinases PKA and PKG. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

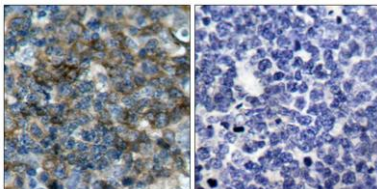


**Western Blot analysis of various cells using Phospho-VASP (S157) Polyclonal Antibody**

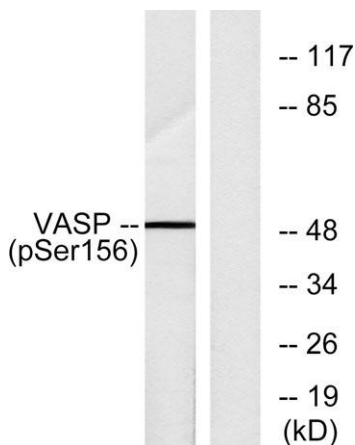
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**Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using VASP (Phospho-Ser157) Antibody**



**Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human tonsil, using VASP (Phospho-Ser157) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phosphopeptide.**



**Western blot analysis of lysates from NIH/3T3 cells treated with forskolin 40  $\mu$ M 30', using VASP (Phospho-Ser157) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phosphopeptide.**