



Cdc2 (phospho Tyr15) rabbit pAb

Cat#: orb764156 (Manual)

For research use only. Not intended for diagnostic use.

Product Name Cdc2 (phospho Tyr15) rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;ELISA

Species Cross-Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat; Monkey

Recommended dilutions Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other

applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from

human CDC2 around the phosphorylation site of Tyr15. AA range:5-54

Phospho-Cdc2 (Y15) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of **Specificity**

Cdc2 protein only when phosphorylated at Y15.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium

azide..

Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. **Storage**

Protein Name Cyclin-dependent kinase 1

Gene Name CDK1

Cellular localization Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Mitochondrion . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule

organizing center, centrosome . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle. Cytoplasmic during the interphase. Colocalizes with SIRT2 on centrosome during prophase and on splindle fibers during metaphase of the mitotic cell

cycle. Reversibly translocated from cytoplasm to nucleus when phosphorylated before G2-M transition when associated with cyclin-B1. Accumulates in mitochondria in G2-arrested cells upon DNA-damage.





Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-

epitope-specific immunogen. chromatography using

Polyclonal **Clonality**

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Observed band 34kD

Human Gene ID 983

Human Swiss-Prot Number P06493

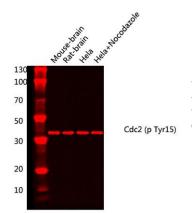
CDK1; CDC2; CDC28A; CDKN1; P34CDC2; Cyclin-dependent kinase 1; **Alternative Names**

CDK1; Cell division control protein 2 homolog; Cell division protein kinase

1; p34 protein kinase

cyclin dependent kinase 1(CDK1) Homo sapiens **Background** The protein encoded by

this gene is a member of the Ser/Thr protein kinase family. This protein is a catalytic subunit of the highly conserved protein kinase complex known as M-phase promoting factor (MPF), which is essential for G1/S and G2/M phase transitions of eukaryotic cell cycle. Mitotic cyclins stably associate with this protein and function as regulatory subunits. The kinase activity of this protein is controlled by cyclin accumulation and destruction through the cell cycle. The phosphorylation and dephosphorylation of this protein also play important regulatory roles in cell cycle control. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2009],

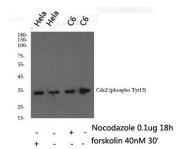


Western blot analysis of lysates from Mouse-brain, Rat-brain, Hela cells treated with nocodazole 1ug/ml 18h, using CDC2 p-Thr15 Antibody. Primary Antibody was diluted at 1:1000 4° over night, secondary antibody (Immunoway cat:RS23710) was diluted at 1:10000, 37° 1 hour.

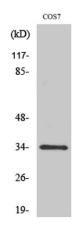




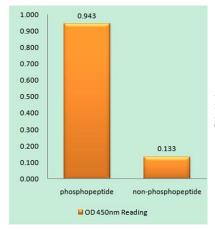
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Western blot analysis of Cdc2 (phospho Tyr15) Polyclonal Antibody, using Hela, C6 cell treated or untreated with forskolin 40nM 30', Nocodazole(Immunoway cat#:MC0250) 0.1ug/ml 18hour, 4° over night, secondary antibody(cat: RS0002 was diluted at 1:10000, 37° 1hour.



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Phospho-Cdc2 (Y15) Polyclonal Antibody



Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using CDC2 (Phospho-Tyr15) Antibody